

## Infinitives after Adjectives

**Point 1:** The infinitive can appear after an adjective to give extra information related to the object and adjective.

1. This car is fun to drive.
2. Japanese is hard to learn.
3. My dog is too big to carry.
4. It was nice to see you.

**Point 2:** The adjective and infinitive are sometimes split.

1. That is easy for you to say.
  1. That is easy to say.
2. It's good from time to time to take it easy.
  1. It is good to take it easy.

**Point 3:** The infinitive can come after the comparative and superlative forms.

1. This was much harder to do than I expected.
2. It is best to leave early.
3. His class is the hardest to get an A.
4. It is harder to make friends at my new school.

**Point 4:** There are many common saying in English using this form.

1. It's nice to meet you.
2. We are so happy to see you.
3. I'm glad to hear that.
4. I'm sorry to hear that.

## Adjectives with Infinitives

Read and listen to four conversations using the grammar.

Conversation 1 | [PDF Worksheet](#)

**Man:** Jess, I am sorry **to hear** you are leaving us.

**Woman:** Yeah, I will miss this place.

**Man:** Where are you going next?

**Woman:** I am going back to college to get my PhD.

**Man:** Well, we will miss you.

**Woman:** Thanks. I am sad **to leave** this place, but I am excited for a new start.

**Man:** Well, we are sad **to see** you go, but best of luck with your studies.

**Woman:** Thanks. I appreciate that.

## Conversation 2 | [PDF Worksheet](#)

**Woman:** How was the game?

**Man:** It was good. I am happy **to say** we finally won.

**Woman:** Oh, great. I am glad **to hear** that.

**Man:** Yeah, it was nice **to win** for a change.

**Woman:** Yeah, it's no fun **to lose**.

**Man:** It certainly is not.

## Conversation 3 | [PDF Worksheet](#)

**Woman:** So, how is the diet going?

**Man:** Not good. It is so hard **to lose** weight.

**Woman:** I know. It is never easy **to stick** to a diet.

**Man:** Also, I am very busy, so it is hard **to find** time to exercise.

**Woman:** Well, don't give up. You can do it.

**Man:** That's easy for you **to say**. You never gain weight.

## Conversation 4

**Woman:** How was the mall? Did you have fun hanging out with your friends?

**Man:** No, it was really crowded and almost impossible **to find** a place to sit.

**Woman:** Yeah, it gets really busy on the weekend.

**Man:** Yeah, it's better **to go** on the weekdays. But it's no fun **to go** then.

**Woman:** Why? There are no crowds, so it is easy **to get** a table at the food court.

**Man:** True, but it's no fun **to be** the only one there.

**Woman:** You have a point. Sometimes, it's almost too quiet **to have** fun.

# Corporate Vocabulary – Company Departments

## Human Resources (HR)

This department manages the compensation, development and policy compliance of company employees, including recruitment, payroll, benefits, and employee relations.

“My friend Roger just sent his cv to HR.”

“My colleague Roger has submitted his curriculum vitae to the Human Resources department.”

## **Finance and Accounting**

This department manages the company's money, including budgets, payrolls, invoicing, and funding.

“Finance agreed to include profits from the new project in our monthly report.”

“The Finance department has approved the inclusion of profits from the new project in our monthly reporting.”

## **Research and Development (R&D)**

This department manages innovation and improvement of the company's products and services, and the development of new products and services.

“The lack of a R&D department has prevented the company from exploiting our current market.”

“The absence of a dedicated research and development department has limited the company's ability to fully leverage our existing market opportunities.”

## **Information Technology (IT)**

The IT department manages the company's technological needs, including hardware, software, networks, and data security.

“IT can help you with resetting your network password.”

“The IT department is available to assist you with resetting your network password.”

## **Production/Manufacturing**

This department produces the company's line of goods.

“Production/Manufacturing must catch up with our increased sales.”

“It is essential that our production and manufacturing operations are scaled appropriately to meet the rising demand resulting from increased sales.”

## **Customer Service**

This department handles the company interactions with customers, providing assistance and addressing issues to ensure customer satisfaction.

“The guys at Canadian Tire customer service called me to check if I received my order on time.”

“The customer service representatives at Canadian Tire contacted me to confirm whether my order was received on schedule.”

## **Legal**

This department is responsible for company compliance with governing laws and regulations, as well as reviewing and preparing company contracts with vendors and customers.

“Legal reviewed the contract and found a clause with a financial risk for us.”

“The Legal team has reviewed the contract and identified a clause that poses a potential financial risk to our organization.”

## **Projects**

This department is in charge of managing the company large projects in areas such as engineering, IT, development etc.

“This change can be more than what we can handle. I suggest we get Projects involved.”

“This adjustment may exceed our current capacity. I recommend involving the Projects team to ensure effective management.”