

Present Perfect - Experiences

Point 1: Use the present perfect to talk about experiences.

- **Where have you worked?**
- I've worked for many companies.
- I haven't worked for him.
- **Have you been to Europe?**
- Yes, I have been to Spain.
- No, I haven't had the time or money.

Point 2: Use the particle 'yet' in questions to ask if an action occurred.

- **Have you seen the movie yet?**
- Yes, I have seen it.
- No, I have not seen it yet.
- **Have you finished yet?**
- Yes, I am done.
- Not yet.

Point 3: Use 'already' in affirmative statements. It can go before or after the verb. Also, the answer can use the past tense.

- **Have you eaten yet?**
- Yes, I've eaten already.
- Yes, I've already eaten.
- **Have you called her?**
- Yes, I called her already.
- Yes, I already called her.

Point 4: Contractions are commonly used in the present perfect.

- I have eaten. = I've eaten.
- I have not eaten. = I haven't eaten yet.

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- You have won. = You've won.
 - You have not won yet. = You haven't won yet.

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- She has left. = She's left.
 - She has not left yet. = She hasn't left yet.

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- He has finished = He's finished.
 - He has not finished yet. = He hasn't finished yet.

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- It has stopped. = It's stopped.
 - It has not stopped yet. = It hasn't stopped yet.

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- They have quit. = They've quit.
 - They have not quit yet. = They haven't quit yet.

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- We have won. = We've won.
 - We have not won yet. = We haven't won yet.

Present Perfect for Experiences

Read and listen to four conversations using the grammar.

Conversation 1 | [PDF Worksheet](#)

Man: *Have* you ever *been* to Asia?

Woman: Yes, I *have*. Many times.

Man: Where *have* you been?

Woman: I *have been* to Japan, Korea and China.

Man: *Have* you *been* to Indonesia?

Woman: No, I *haven't been* there yet!

Conversation 2 | [PDF Worksheet](#)

Man: *Have* you ever *eaten* Japanese food?
Woman: I have. I *have eaten* lots of Japanese food.
Man: What foods *have* you *eaten*?
Woman: I *ve eaten* sushi, ramen, and yaki-soba.
Man: *Have* you tried natto?
Woman: No, I *haven't*, but I *ve heard* it's disgusting.

Conversation 3 | [PDF Worksheet](#)

Man: *Have* you *seen* the new Star Wars movie?
Woman: Yes, I *have seen* them all.
Man: *Have* you *seen* all the Spiderman movies?
Woman: No, I *haven't*. Have you?
Man: Yes, I *have seen* them all except the latest one.
Woman: Oh, I *ve seen* that one! It's good!

Conversation 4 | [PDF Worksheet](#)

Man: *Have* you *tried* the new café?
Woman: No, I *haven't*. I *haven't had* time. Have you?
Man: I *have*. It is really nice, but I *ve* only *been* there once.
Woman: I *ve heard* it is really nice.
Man: It is! They *ve done* a nice job!

Quiz

Answer these questions about the interview.

1) What country has she visited?

- a) Korea
- b) Indonesia

2) What foods has she eaten?

- a) Sushi
- b) Natto

3) Who has seen the latest Spiderman movie?

- a) He has
- b) She has

4) Who has been to the new cafe?

a) She has.

b) He has.

Question 1 of 4

Drag the boxes onto the matching gaps.

- **been**
- **ever**
- **yet**

- **Many**
- **Have**
- **Korea**

- **Where**
- **haven't**

Man: Have you ___ been to Asia?

Woman: Yes, I have. ___ times.

Man: ___ have you ___?

Woman: I have been to Japan, ___ and China.

Man: ___ you been to Indonesia?

Woman: No, I ___ been there ___!

Question 2 of 4

Drag the boxes onto the matching gaps.

- **ramen**
- **ever**
- **eaten**

- **disgusting**
- **Have**
- **lots**

- **food**
- **I've**

Man: Have you ___ eaten Japanese ___?

Woman: I have. I have eaten ___ of Japanese food.

Man: What foods have you ___?

Woman: ___ eaten sushi, ___, and yakisoba.

Man: ___ you tried natto?

Woman: No, I haven't, but I've heard it's ___.

Question 4 of 4

Drag the boxes onto the matching gaps.

- **only**
- **once**
- **heard**

- **nice**
- **job**
- **tried**

- **café**
- **time**

Man: Have you ___ the new ___?

Woman: No, I haven't. I haven't had _____. Have you?

Man: I have. It is really ____, but I've ___ been there _____.

Woman: I've ___ it is really nice.

Man: It is! They've done a nice ___!

Corporate Vocabulary

Critical Thinking

The capability to analyze information, assess its validity, and make well-informed decisions.

“When I hire managers, I make sure that they have great critical thinking skills.”

“When recruiting managers, I ensure they possess strong critical thinking abilities.”

Negotiation

The skill to engage in discussions with a counterpart to reach an agreement that is beneficial to the company.

“Kirk negotiation skills contributed to reaching an agreement with our customer.”

“Kirk's negotiation skills played a key role in facilitating a successful agreement with our customer.”

Analytical

It is said of a person that can analyze a situation and produce a conclusion.

“I am not very analytical but for sure I can find someone that can give me a hand with that issue.”

“I may not possess strong analytical skills myself, but I am confident that I can identify someone who is capable of assisting with this matter.”